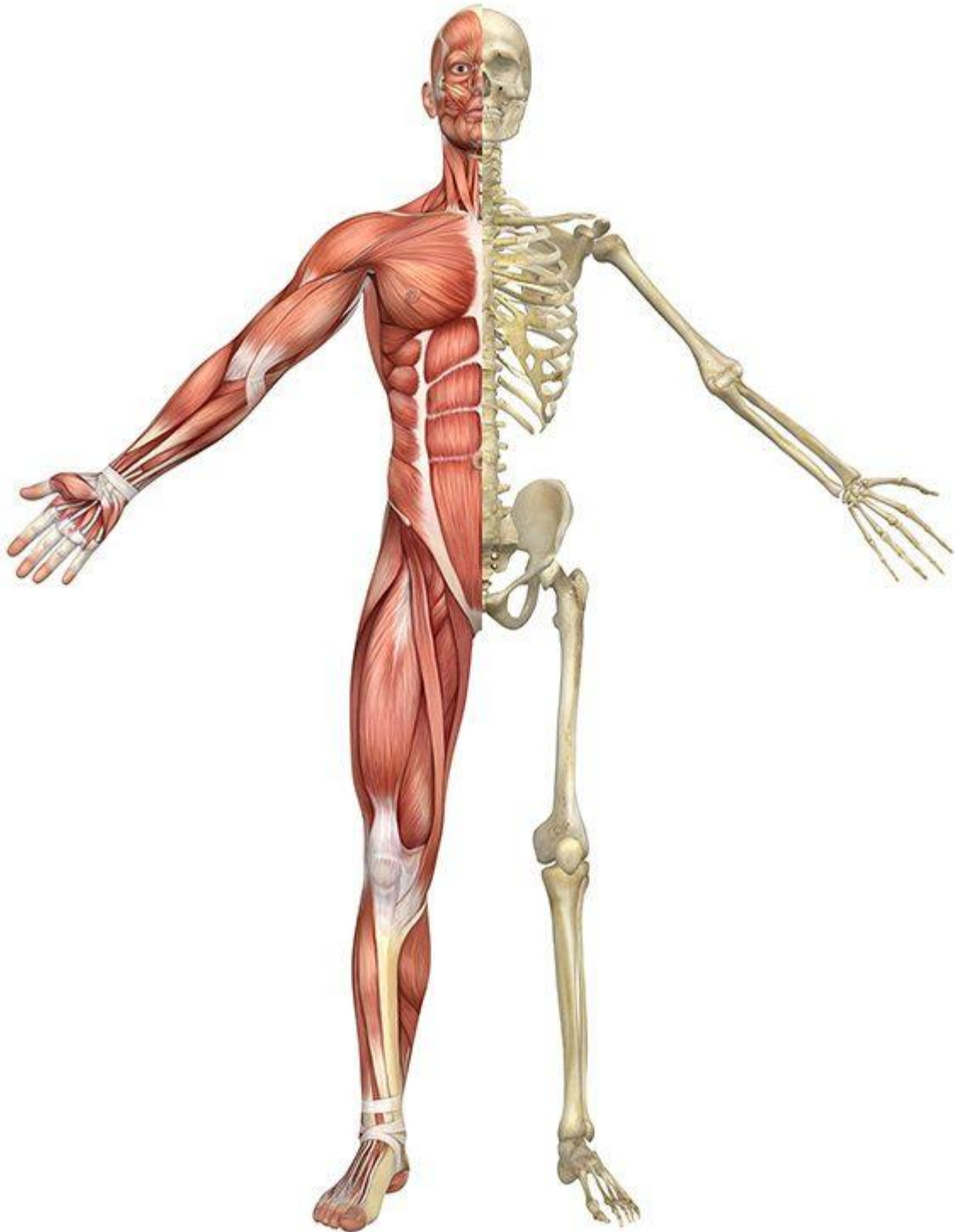


# STUDY GUIDE FIRST YEAR ANATOMY



Dedicated to students of first year MBBS

AFMDC

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## **ANATOMY DEPARTMENT AT A GLANCE**

The department of Anatomy is the largest pre-clinical department and occupies a separate block adjacent to college entrance. The anatomy department has a fully equipped, well ventilated, air conditioned and spacious Dissection Hall with mortuary plants for storage of cadavers. The histology laboratory is unmatched and equipped with latest tools for microscope tissue preparation and high quality binocular microscope for self-study including Bihead microscope for teaching purposes which can also be attached to monitor or LED TV through state of the art camera mounted on the microscope. The Histology laboratory has a vast collection of microscopic slides of human and animal tissues for study purposes. Students have free access to them. The department also has state-of-the-art Anatomy museum with over 100 important models of the human body. Models range from the various human development stages to life-size human torsos, disc torsos, skeletons, enhanced models of organs of special senses and functional models of various organs and systems of the body. There is also a bone bank for the students from where bones can be borrowed for study at home. There is one lecture hall and two tutorial rooms in the department. Offices of the faculty are provided with computers, air conditioner, modern furniture and display boards for the important notices. There is one main notice board of the department where important notices are displayed for information of students. Different charts from gross anatomy, histology and embryology are displayed on the walls of the histology laboratory, dissection hall, museum and area in front of the offices.

The department of anatomy conducts lectures, dissection, practicals, tutorials and small group discussions to teach gross anatomy, histology and embryology. Moreover, sub-stages and stages are arranged for the assessment of the students in Gross Anatomy. Term tests and monthly tests are arranged to assess the students in histology, general anatomy and embryology.

## DEPARTMENTAL TEAM OF ANATOMY-AFMDC

<b>Positions</b>	<b>Name</b>
<b>Head of department</b>	Prof. Dr. Quddus-ur-Rehman
<b>Professor of Anatomy</b>	Prof. Dr. Usman Latif
<b>Assistant Professor</b>	Dr. M. Adeel Alam Shah
<b>Demonstrators</b>	Dr. Faiqa
	Dr. Ayesha Khalid
	Dr. Iqra Manzoor
	Dr. Fizza Khalid
	Dr. Ayesha Zahoor
	Dr. Aqsa Shafi
<b>Computer Operator</b>	Mr. Muhammad Farooq
<b>Lab attendants</b>	Mr. Adnan
	Mr. Ahsan
<b>Dissection hall attendant</b>	Mr. Shahbaz
<b>Curator of museum</b>	Mr. Rafique

## TIME LINE FOR SYLABUS COMPLETION

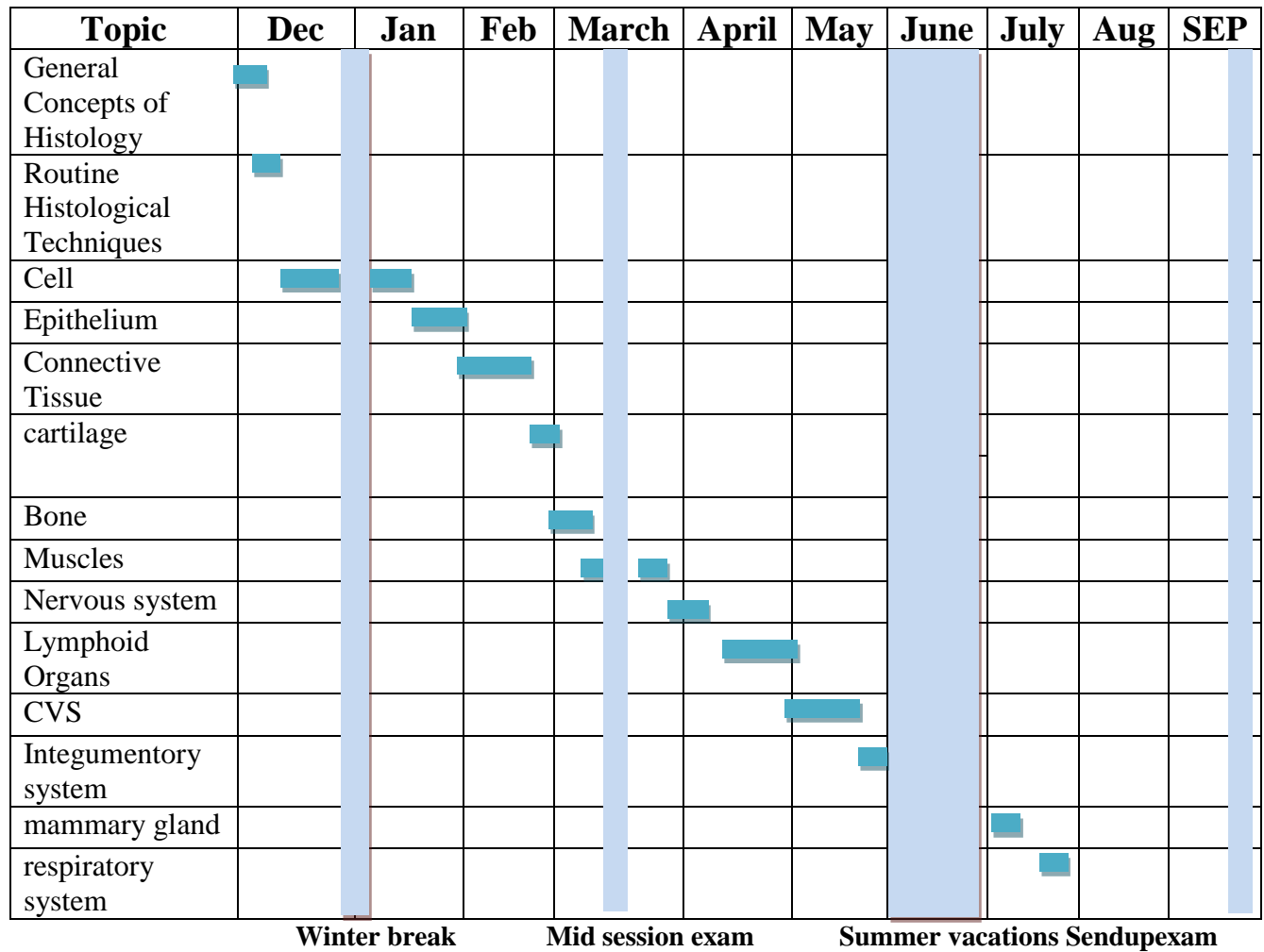
### GHANTT CHART of FIRST YEAR LECTURES (Embryology)

Topic	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	Aug	SEP
1 <sup>st</sup> week development										
2 <sup>nd</sup> week development										
3 <sup>rd</sup> week development										
Development of muscles										
Development of skeletal system										
Embryonic period										
Fetal period										
Placenta and membranes										
Teratology										
Development of skin and appendages										

Winter break
Mid session exam
Summer vacations Sendupexam

## TIME LINE FOR SYLABUS COMPLETION

### GHANTT CHART OF FIRST YEAR LECTURES (Histology)



## TIME LINE for SYLABUS COMPLETION

### GHANTT CHART of FIRST YEAR LECTURES (G. Anatomy)

Topic	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	Aug	SEP
Introduction										
Skeletal System Bone & Cartilage										
Skin and fascia										
Muscles										
joints										
Circulatory system										
Blood vessels										
Lymphatic system										
Nervous system										

Winter break
Mid session exam
Summer vacations Sendupexam



## GHANTT CHART of FIRST YEAR for UPPER LIMB

Topic	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	Aug	SEP
Bones of Pectoral Girdle & Arm	■									
Pectoral Region	■									
Axilla	■									
Scapular Region	■									
Back	■									
Arm	■									
Joint of Upper Limb		■								
Bones of Forearm		■	■							
Bones of Wrist & Hand		■								
Anterior Forearm		■								
Hand		■								
Dorsal Aspect of Forearm & Hand			■							
Cutaneous Nerves, Dermatomes, Superficial Veins & Lymphatic Drainage of upper limb			■							
Joints of Forearm & Hand			■							
Hand & Wrist Joint			■							
Surface Anatomy & Nerve Injuries of Upper Limb			■							
Radiological Anatomy of Upper Limb			■							

Winter break

Mid session exam

Summer vacations Sendupexam

## GHANTT CHART of FIRST YEAR for LOWER LIMB

Topic	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	Aug	SEP
Bones of Pelvis Girdle & Thigh										
Anterior Compartment of Thigh										
Medial Compartment of Thigh										
Gluteal region										
Hip Joint										
Back of Thigh										
Knee Joint										
Popliteal fossa										
Bones of Leg										
Leg										
Sole of foot										
Bones & joints of foot										
Surface Anatomy & Radiological Anatomy										
Gait cycle, Arches of foot										
Lymphatic of lower limb, cutaneous Nerves & Dermatomes										

**Winter break**
**Mid session exam**
**Summer vacations Sendupexam**

## GHANTT CHART of FIRST YEAR for THORAX

Topic	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	Aug	SEP
Introduction						■				
Diaphragm						■				
Bones of Thorax						■				
Joints of Thorax						■				
Muscles of Respiration						■				
Intercostal Spaces						■				
Azygos & Hemiazygos veins						■				
Thoracic cavity and pleura						■				
Lungs						■	■			
Mediastinum							■			
Pericardium, External anatomy, fibrous skeleton of Heart							■			
Heart							■			
Chamber, Muscles & Valves							■			
Bloody supply of the heart							■			
Venous & Lymphatic Drainages & Nerve Supply of Heart							■			
Aorta, Superior vena cava and pulmonary trunk							■			
Trachea and Esophagus +thoracic duct							■			
Surface marking, / Radiological anatomy of the thorax.							■			

Winter break

Mid session exam

Summer vacations

Sendupexam



## Timetable

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Day	08:00 08:45	08:45 09:30	09:30 10:15	10:15 11:15	11:15- 13:00	13:15 15:00
Monday			Lec Anatomy		dissection	Practical histology
Tuesday			Lec Anatomy		dissection	Tutorial
Wednesday	Lec Anatomy			Tutorial	dissection	Practical histology
Thursday		Lec Anatomy			11:45-13:00 dissection	Practical histology
Friday	08:00 08:45	08:45 09:30		10:15 11:45	11:45 -13:00	
		Lec Anatomy		tutorial	dissection	

<b>Topic</b>	<b>Subtopic</b>	<b>Learning Objectives (At the end of the Lecture the students of 1st Year MBBS will be able to)</b>
<b>Introduction</b>	History of Anatomy Introduction to various branches of anatomy	Describe the Brief History of Anatomy
		Enlist various Branches of Anatomy
		Define various Branches of Anatomy
	Anatomical Nomenclature	Define various anatomical terms Explain different Anatomical terms & sectional planes of the body
<b>Skeletal System Bone &amp; Cartilage</b>	Axial Skeleton Different bones of human body	Classify the skeletal system
		Describe different bones of Axial skeleton
	Appendicular skeleton	Describe different bones of Appendicular skeleton
	Functions of bone Classification on the basis of development, region and function	Classify bones on the basis of evolution, function, development, region & miscellaneous
		Explain the functions of bones
	General concepts of ossification of bones Parts of young bone	Discuss the general concepts of ossification & growth of bones
		Name parts of young bone
	Blood Supply of long bones Anatomical factors in bone injury (clinical)	Describe the blood supply of bones
		Relate Anatomical factors to bone injury
	Classification of cartilage	Classify cartilage
	Classification of bones based on structure, gross appearance & location	Classify bones on the basis shape, size, structure, gross appearances location
	Blood supply of long bones, short & irregular bones of skull	Describe the blood supply of long bones, short bones & irregular bones of skull
	Gross appearance of long, short & irregular bones	Describe general features of bones of human body
	Intra – membranous & intra-cartilaginous methods of ossification, growth & remodeling of bones	Explain methods of ossification & growth & remodeling of bones
	Effects of age	Outline the affects of age on bones

	of bones Clinical anatomy of fracture, osteoporosis, rickets & osteomalacia, sternal puncture, avascular necrosis, radiological appearance of bones, cartilage & fractures	Apply anatomical knowledge for fractures, rickets, osteoporosis, osteomalacia, sternal puncture, avascular necrosis
		Interpret radiological appearance of bones, cartilage & fractures
<b>Skin and Fascia</b>	Structural & functional anatomy of the skin Layers of skin with description of its cellular constituents	Name different types of skin & its components
		Describe cellular constituents of skin.
	Skin creases & lines Skin appendages	Explain skin creases & lines & their significance
		Enumerate appendages (hair, nail erector pili muscles, sebaceous & sweat glands) of skin
		Give formations of skin appendages.
	Structure & location of superficial & deep fascia	Describe the structure & function of superficial & deep fascia including retinaculae & septae
	Clinical anatomy of skin creases & burns discoloration of skin	Give clinical significance of skin creases
Interpret clinical anatomy of burns		
Give clinical significance of skin discoloration (Jaundice, cyanosis, anemia)		
<b>Muscles</b>	Classification of muscle based on structure, function & appearance	Classify muscles on the basis of structure, function & appearance
	Gross feature & function of intramuscular septa Blood & nerve supply of muscles	Describe general principles of blood & nerve supply of muscles
		Explain gross features & functions of inter muscular septa
	Anatomy of the neuro-muscular junction	Describe the anatomy of Neuro-Muscular Junction
	Anatomy of muscle with reference to sprain, spasm and injury	Explain sprain, spasm trophic degeneration & regeneration of changes
		Explain the mechanism of sprain & spasm
Functions of synovial	Explain the Functions of synovial structures related to muscles (tendon sheaths & bursae)	

	structures related to muscles (tendon sheaths & barsae) Fibrous structures occurring in skeletal muscles	Describe different forms of fibrous structures occurring in muscles (Aponeurosis, tendon, raphae)
<b>Joints</b>	Classification of joints based on structure, shape of articular surfaces & movements	Classify joints based on structure, shape of articular surfaces & movements
	Structure & movements of synovial joints Classification of synovial joints	Discuss the characteristics, types & movement of synovial joints
	Structure, function & classification of fibrous & cartilaginous joints	Discuss the characteristics, types & movement of fibrous & cartilaginous joints
	Factors for stability of joints, dislocation of joints	Enlist & explain the factors responsible for the stability of joints
		Describe & analyze different clinical scenarios resulting into dislocation of joints
Blood & nerve supply of joints	Explain general principles of blood & nerve supply of joints	
<b>Circulatory System</b>	Classification of circulatory system & portal venous system with its advantages & disadvantages	Give classification of circulatory system (Cardiovascular & lymphatic)
		Discuss portal venous system with its advantages & disadvantages
<b>Blood vessels</b>	Classification of blood vessels Function of arteries, veins & capillaries with description of their various types	Explain classification & structures of different types of blood vessels
		Give functions of arteries, veins & capillaries with their types
	Clinical anatomy of arteriosclerosis & varicose veins	Analyze of arteriosclerosis & varicose veins on the basis of clinical knowledge of Anatomy
	Classification of anastomoses with examples & clinical	Define & classify anastomoses with examples
Summarize the clinical significance of anastomoses		

	correlates	
<b>Lymphatic System</b>	Description of the components & functions of lymphatic system Its role in the spread of infection & malignancy	Discuss components of lymphatic system
		Explain function of lymphatic system & its role in the infection & malignancy
<b>Nervous System</b>	General features of nervous system with structure & function of the neurons & neuralgia.	Name different components of Nervous system (Neuron, ganglion, Nuclei, Nerve, tract, neuroglia)
		Enlist their functions
	Classification of nervous system based on location, embryological origin & functional aspects.	Classify different types of Nervous system (Somatic & Autonomic) & based on location, development & functional aspects
	Somatic nervous system their morphology & function (CNS & PNS) formation of a typical spinal nerve & distribution	Enumerate different parts of somatic nervous system, their morphology & function (CNS & PNS)
		Discuss the formation & distribution of a typical spinal nerve
	Anatomical aspects of ANS, with differentiating feature of sympathetic & parasympathetic nervous system.	Enumerate & describe different parts of ANS and their functions
		Distinguish between parasympathetic & sympathetic nervous system
Reflex, reflex arc & referred pain, Nerve plexus formation, dermatome & their clinical importance	Discuss nerve plexus formation, define dermatome, give the clinical significance of dermatome & nerve plexus	
	Define reflex, reflex arc & referred pain	

<b>Histology &amp; its Method</b>	Preparation of Tissue for	Enlist the steps for tissue preparation for Microscopic examination
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<b>of Study</b>	Microscopic Examination, Light Microscopy, Phase Contrast Microscopy & Differential Interference Microscopy Tissue Stains & Preparation	Define different types of Microscopy (Light Microscope) & discuss phase contrast Microscope differential interference Microscopy
	Polarizing Microscopy, Conofocal Microscopy, Fluorescence Microscopy, Electron Microscopy	Discuss Polarizing, conofocal, Fluorescence & Electron Microscopy
<b>The Cytoplasm</b>	Cellular Differentiation, Cell Ecology	Explain cellular differentiation & cell ecology
	Cell Components	Enumerate & discuss structure & function of different components of cells
	The Cytoskeleton	Explain cytoskeleton of cells
<b>The Cell Nucleus</b>	Cell Division	Explain cell division, cell cycle & apotopsis
	The Cell Cycle, Apotopsis	
<b>Epithelial Tissue</b>	The forms & Characteristics of Epithelial Cells Specializations of the Cell Surface	Explain forms & characteristics of epithelial cells
	Types of Epithelia	Enlist & explain specializations of cell surface (Intercellular junctions, microglia, cilia, stereocilia Basal striations)
	General Biology of Epithelia Tissues	Classify & describe different types of epithelia with examples
<b>Connective Tissue</b>	Cells of the Connective Tissue	Classify & discuss different types of C.T. proper with examples
	Fibers, Ground Substances	
	Type of Connective Tissue	Explain the structures of connective tissue cells, fibers & ground substance
<b>Adipose Tissue</b>	Unilocular Adipose Tissue. Multiocular Adipose Tissue	Compare & contrast unilocular & Multiocular adipose tissue

<b>Cartilage</b>	Hyaline Cartilage	Compare & contrast different types of cartilages
	Elastic Cartilage	Discuss the histological features of hyaline fibro & elastic cartilages with examples
	Fibro Cartilage. Intervertebral Discs	
<b>Muscle Tissue</b>	Skeletal Muscle	Classify & describe light & electron Microscopic structures of Muscles (smooth comparative cardiac & skeletal)
	Cardiac Muscle	Explain comparative regeneration of Muscles tissue
	Smooth Muscle Regeneration of Muscle Tissue	Define fibrosis & discuss the function of satellite cells & pericytes
<b>Bone</b>	Bone Cells Bone Matrix	Enlist & explain the structure & function of bone cells & bone matrix
	Periosteum & Endosteum	Explain the histological features & functions of periosteum & endosteum
	Type of Bone	Classify bones from histological point of view & describe their microscopic structure.
	Histogenesis Bone Growth & Remodeling	Discuss the histogenesis of bone (Intra membranous & Intra cartilaginous)
	Internal Role of Bone Tissue Joints	
<b>The Circulatory System</b>	Blood Vessels with Diameters above a certain Size Vasa Vasorum	Classify & discuss different sub division of vascular system
	Innervations of Arterioles	
	Medium (Muscular) Arteries Large Elastic Arteries	Describe the microscopic structures of different types of blood vessels.
	Arterial Degenerative Alterations	Explain innervations of arterioles
	Carotid Bodies Carotid Sinuses	Explain histological features of carotid bodies & carotid sinuses.
	Arteriovenous Anastomoses Veins	Explain arteriovenous anastomoses & its significance
	Heart	Explain & illustrate histological features of heart
	Lymphatic Vascular System	Give histological features of lymphatic vascular system

<b>The Immune System &amp; Lymphoid Organs</b>	Organ Transplantation Thymus	Discuss & Illustrate Microscopic structure of lymphoid organs (lymph node, spleen, tonsils, thymus Mucosa associated lymphoid tissue) & give their functions
	Lymph Nodes	
	Spleen	
	Mucosa-Associated Lymphoid Tissue	Explain organs transplantation & the role of lymphoid tissue.
	Tonsils	
<b>Skin</b>	Epidermis	Discuss the Microscopic structure of Skin & its appendages
	Immunologic Activity in the Skin Dermis	
	Subcutaneous Tissue Vessels & Skin Sensorial Receptors	Explain the Immunological activity in the dermis of the skin.
	Hairs Nails	Illustrate & explain subcutaneous tissue vessels & skin sensorial.
	Glands of the Skin	
<b>Respiratory System</b>	Nasal Cavity / Para-nasal Sinuses / Nasopharynx	Give Histological features of Nasal cavity / Para-nasal air Sinuses & Nasopharynx
	Larynx / Trachea	Discuss & Illustrate Histological features of Larynx & trachea
	Bronchial Tree / Pleura / Lungs	Explain & Illustrate Microscopic structure of Bronchial tree, Pleura, Lung.
		Give changes in their structures correlating to their functions
<b>Nervous Tissue</b>	Structure of Neuron	Classify & discuss the structure of Neuron, Neuroglial cells & Nerve fiber
	Neuroglial Cells (Cell Body, Dendrites, Axons, Synaptic Communication, Glial Cells & Neuronal Activity)	
	Nerve Fibers (Nerves, Ganglia, Degeneration & Regeneration of Nerve Tissue)	Explain degeneration & regeneration of Nerve Tissue

	Mammary Gland	Discuss the Microscopic anatomy of Mammary gland in different functional stage
<b>Terms</b>	Apoptosis, hypertrophy, atrophy, Metablasia hyperplasia, Anaplasia, Neoplasia, Necrosis.	Define Apoptosis, hypertrophy, atrophy, Metaplasia hyperplasia, Anaplasia, Neoplasia, Necrosis.
		Elaborate these terms with examples

<b>Introduction</b>	Introduction of Microscope	Identify the parts of Light Microscope
		Operate light microscope & Focus the slides
	Artifacts	Identify artifacts in the slides
<b>Cell</b>	Cell Membrane / Organelles	Identify different cells of body & their Organelles
	Cell Nucleus	Identify Nuclei of different cells & their locations
<b>Epithelium</b>	Simple epithelium	Identify various types of epithelia. Draw & label various types of epithelia
	Compound epithelium	
	Glands	Identify various types of glands. Draw & label various types of glands
<b>Connective Tissue</b>	Loose Connective Tissue	Identify various types of connective tissue, loose & dense C.T.
	Cells of C.T. & Matrix	
	Dense Connective Tissue (Tendon / Ligament)	Draw & label loose & dense C.T.
<b>Cartilage</b>	Cartilage I (Hyaline / Fibro / Elastic)	Identify various types of cartilages
	Cartilage I (Hyaline / Fibro / Elastic)	Draw & label Hyaline, fibro & elastic cartilages
<b>Histology of Bone</b>	Bone (Compact & Spongy)	Identify, draw & label compact spongy bone.

	Bone (Compact & Spongy)	
<b>Muscles</b>	Muscle (Smooth / Skeletal / Cardiac)	Identify, draw & label skeletal, smooth & cardiac muscles
<b>Blood Vessels</b>	Blood vessels I (Artery / Vein / Capillary)	Identify different types of arteries. Draw & label different types of arteries
		Identify, draw & label veins & capillaries & sinusoids
	Blood vessels II (Aorta / Lymph Vessels / Sinusoids)	Identify, draw & label lymph vessels
<b>Nervous System</b>	(Peripheral nerve)	Identify, draw & label peripheral Nerve, sympathetic ganglion & Dorsal root ganglion
	Autonomic Ganglion – (Sympathetic Ganglion)	
	(Dorsal Root Ganglion)	
<b>Lymphoid Organs</b>	Thymus	Identify, draw & label thymus, lymph node, spleen, tonsils & Peyer's patches.
	Lymph Node	
	Spleen	
	Tonsil & Peyer's Patches	
<b>Respiratory System</b>	Trachea / Bronchi	Identify, draw & label trachea bronchi & lungs.
	Lungs	
<b>Integumenta ry System</b>	Skin I (Thin Skin)	Identify, draw & label thick and thin skin. Identify, draw & label Hair follicle & hair
	Skin II (Thick skin & Hair Follicle)	
	Human Hair	
<b>Mammary Gland</b>	Mammary Gland, Lactating / Non-Lactating	Identify, draw & label lactating & non-lactating breast under light microscope

	Introduction to embryology	Outline the topics to be covered in Embryology  (Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
<b>Introduction</b>	Terminology	Define various terms related to embryology  (Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
	Introduction to Gametogenesis Mitotic Division	Explain the process of cell division Mitosis
		Define and explain basic concepts related to gametogenesis  (Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
	Meiotic Division Numerical & Structural Abnormalities	Explain the process of Meiosis or reduction division
		Discuss Numerical & structural abnormalities of chromosomes & related syndromes  (Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
<b>Gametogenesis</b>	Oogenesis Spermatogenesis	Explain the processes of spermatogenesis & Oogenesis
		Demarcate major differences between the spermatogenesis & Oogenesis
		Define & Explain the mechanism of formation of abnormal gametes
	Spermatogenesis Abnormal gametes	Explain & interpret the results of semen analysis  (Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
		Ovarian Cycle Corpus Luteum
	Explain the formation of corpus luteum & corpus albicans	
	Oocyte Transport Corpus Albicans	Discuss an ovulatory cycles & their significance  (Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
<b>Fertilization &amp; Implantation</b>		Steps and phases of fertilization Clinical correlates
	Explain assisted reproductive techniques, (IVF, ICSI, ZIFT, GIFT, Cloning, artificial insemination surrogate mothers)  (Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)	
	Cleavage Blastocyst Formation Abnormal Zygote	
		Explain the formation & fate of abnormal zygotes  (Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
		Site of implantation Changes during implantation Abnormal implantation sites
	(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)	

	Blastocysts formation Bilaminar germ disc	Explain different changes during the formation of bilaminar germ disc
<b>2<sup>nd</sup> week of Development</b>	8 <sup>th</sup> – 12 <sup>th</sup> day of development	Explain & illustrate 2nd week development with diagrams from 8th day to 13th day Explain the basis of pregnancy test in 2nd week.
	13 <sup>th</sup> day of development, Abnormal blastocyst	(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
<b>3<sup>rd</sup> week of Development</b>	Gastrulation	Explain Gastrulation (Trilaminar Germ disc)
		Discuss changes which are taking place during 3rd week of development
		Explain formation of Notochord & allantois, Neurulation & early development of CVS, start of somite formation, development of Primodium of intra embryonic coelom
	Formation of Notochord	Explain teratogenecity associated with gastrulation, formation of sacroscocygeal teratoma, Sirenmelia, Situs inversus abnormal growth of trophoblast & Allantoic cysts (Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
<b>Embryonic Period</b>	Derivatives of ectodermal germ layers	Enlist the derivatives of ectoderm, endoderm & mesoderm
	Derivatives of mesodermal and endodermal germ layers	(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
	Patterning of anteroposterior Axis External appearance during the 4 <sup>th</sup> to 8 <sup>th</sup> week	Explain highlights or salient changes taking place in the embryo during 4 <sup>th</sup> to 8 <sup>th</sup> week of development
		Discuss methods of estimation of Gestational & Embryonic age
		(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
	Birth defects	Explain Teratogenicity & factors responsible for birth defects
		(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
	<b>Fetal Period</b>	Development of Fetus Birth Clinical Correlates
Explain the process of parturition		
Discuss clinical correlates related to fetal development (IUGR, Post maturity)		

		Syndrome)
	Abnormal fetal growth Prenatal diagnosis	Discuss factors leading to IUGR
		Discuss & Explain procedures for assessing fetal status & viability of fetus
		(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
<b>Fetal Membranes &amp; Placenta</b>	Introduction to fetal membranes Amnion & umbilical cord Changes in trophoblast	Define & Explain fetal structures (Amnion, chorion, Yolk sac, Allantois & Umbilical cord)
		Discuss changes in trophoblast & formation of chorion frondosum & Decidua Basalis
		Discuss umbilical cord length variation & amniotic bands & their clinical significance
	Changes in trophoblast Chorion Frondosum Decidua Basalis	Discuss structure of Placenta, Full term placenta, Placental circulation
		Discuss functions of Placenta
		Explain abnormalities of Placenta & its clinical relevance
	Structure of Placenta Full term placenta Circulation & function of placenta Placental changes at the end of pregnancy, Amniotic Fluid	Discuss the formation, circulation, amount & Composition of Amniotic fluid
		Explain the functions of Amniotic fluid
	Fetal membranes in twins	Summarize causes & effects of oligo & polyhydramnios
		(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
<b>Twins</b>	Monozygotic & Dizygotic Twins	Explain the basis for multiple pregnancy
		Distinguish between monozygotic & Dizygotic twins
		Compare & contrast fetal membranes in mono & dizygotic twins
		Explain the mechanism of twin transfusion syndrome & conjoined twins
		(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
<b>Congenital Malformations</b>	Types of abnormalities Incidence, environmental factors, Chromosomal abnormalities	Discuss types, incidence, environmental genetic & Multifactorial inheritance in the Genesis of birth defects
		Discuss chromosomal abnormalities & Gene Mutations (Klinefelter Syndrome, Turner's Syndrome, Down syndrome)



	Genetic abnormalities	(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
<b>Genetics</b>	Basic principles of genetics and structure, function & relationship of genes & DNA	Discuss basic principles of genetics.
		Describe structure & function of Genes & DNA
		(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	Male-mediated Teratogenesis	Explain Teratogenicity in Males
		(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
	Prevention of birth defects	Discuss various principles to prevent birth defects
		(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
	Fetal Therapy	Explain the procedure of Fetal Therapy
		(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
<b>Muscular System</b>	Development of the Musculoskeletal system	Discuss basic knowledge in understanding the development of three types of Muscles
	Striated skeletal Musculature / Molecular Regulation of Muscle Development / Patterning of Muscle / Derivatives of Precursor Muscle Cells	Explain the development of skeletal, cardiac & smooth Muscles
		Explain Concepts of epimere, hypomere (Hypaxial Epaxial) division of somites
	Head, Limb Musculature	Discuss congenital Anomalies related to Muscular system
	Development of Cardiac, Smooth & Striated Skeletal Muscle	(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
<b>Skeletal System</b>	Development of skull	Explain the development of skull, limbs vertebral column
	Development limbs	

	Development of vertebral column	Discuss congenital anomalies related to skeletal development
	Congenital anomalies of skeletal system	(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
<b>Development of Skin &amp; Appendages</b>	Development of skin + congenital anomalies	Explain development of skin & its appendages
		Discuss congenital anomalies of skin & its appendages
	Development of skin appendages + congenital anomalies	(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)
		Explain development of mammary gland & congenital anomalies
	Development of breast + its congenital anomalies	(Observe, Engage & Participate in the discussion during SGD)

<b>Bones of Pectoral Girdle &amp; Arm</b>	Clavicle	Discuss the bones of pectoral Girdle & arm
	Scapula	Outline the general & special features of these bones
	Scapula/ Humerus	Explain their common fractures & displacement of their fragments & factors causing these fractures
	Humerus	Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Pectoral Region</b>	Surface landmarks, Superficial Fascia, Deep Fascia, Muscles, Nerves & Vessels of Pectoral Region	Explain muscles attachments, their actions, nerve supply & effects of paralysis of these muscles.
		Describe the course, relation & branches of pectoral nerves & vessels
		Explain the extent, attachments & importance of superficial & deep fascia of pectoral region & Clavipectoral Fascia
	Breast/ Mammary Gland+ Clinical Anatomy	Explain structure relations, blood supply lymphatic drainage, nerve supply, function & clinical aspects.
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Axilla</b>	Boundaries & Vessels of Axilla+	Define & explain boundaries & contents of Axilla

	Clinical Anatomy	Outline extent, course & branches of vessels of Axilla
	Brachial Plexus+ Clinical Anatomy	Explain the extent, locations, formation & variation of Brachial Plexus & branches different clinical conditions related to it.
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Scapular Region</b>	Surface Landmark, Muscle of the Scapular Region/Anatomoses around Scapula+ Clinical Anatomy + Intramuscular spaces + Axillary Nerve	Explain attachments, actions nerve supply of muscles of scapular region
		Identify the effects of paralysis of these muscles
		Discuss formation & importance of anatomoses around scapula & its clinical importance
		Explain boundaries & contents of Intramuscular spaces near scapula.
		Explain the course relation & branches of Axillary nerve & its injury & effects of injury
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Back</b>	Surface Landmarks, Skin and fasciae of the back Muscles Connecting the upper limb with the vertebral column Triangles of Petit & Auscultation	Discuss surface landmarks on back
		Enlist the muscles of back
		Discuss attachments, actions & nerve supply of muscles connecting upper limb with vertebral column
		Explain the boundaries, contents & importance of Triangles of Petit & Auscultation
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Arm</b>	Surface landmarks, Anterior aspect of arm (muscles nerves and vessels of arm)	Discuss landmark of Arm. Explain attachment, actions & nerve supply of Arm.
		Outline, course, relations & branches of vessels & Nerves of Arm
	Surface landmarks, Anterior aspect	Analyze the effects of Muscle paralysis of arm

	of arm (muscles nerves and vessels of arm) + Clinical Anatomy	Analyze the mechanism & effects of injuries to nerve & vessels of arms & Clinical tests to diagnose them.
	Back of the arm(muscle, nerve and vessels)+ Clinical Anatomy	Explain the boundaries, contents of cubital fossa
		Explain the formation & importance of Anatomoses around elbow joint.
	Cubital fossa and anastomosis around elbow joint	Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Joint of Upper Limb</b>	Shoulder joint+ Clinical Anatomy	Explain the structure of joints
		Explain movements of these joints & muscles causing them
	Sternoclavicular and AC joint	Give nerve supply blood supply of these joints
	Elbow joint+ Clinical Anatomy	Explain clinical conditions related to them.
Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models		
<b>Bones of Forearm</b>	Radius + fractures of radius	Discuss the bones of Forearm
		Outline the general & special features of these bones
	Ulna + fractures of ulna	Explain their common fractures & displacement of their fragments & factors causing these fractures
Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models		
<b>Bones of Wrist &amp; Hand</b>	Carpal bones, metacarpal bones, phalanges, sesamoid bones of upper limb	Discuss the bones of Wrist & hand
		Outline the general & special features of these bones
		Explain their common fractures & displacement of their fragments & factors causing these fractures
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Anterior Forearm</b>	Superficial muscles of front of forearm + clinical Anatomy	Explain attachments, nerve supply & actions of superficial & deep muscles of anterior forearm & the effects of their paralysis
		Discuss the course, relation & branches of nerve & vessels of anterior compartment of forearm
	Deep flexor muscles and vessels of forearm+ clinical Anatomy	Explain nerve & vessel injuries of anterior compartment of forearm
		Explain mechanism & effects of these injuries & clinical tests to diagnose them.

	Nerves of forearm and clinical anatomy	Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Hand</b>	Palmar aspect of wrist and hand, intrinsic muscles of hand, spaces of the hand+ clinical anatomy	Explain attachment, nerve supply & actions of intrinsic muscles of hand.
		Summarize spaces of hand & their clinical importance.
		Explain attachment of flexor Retinaculum & structures passing deep & superficial to it.
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Dorsal Aspect of Forearm &amp; Hand</b>	Back and lateral aspect of forearm and hand, nerves and vessels of hand+ clinical anatomy	Explain attachment, nerve supply & actions of muscles of back of forearm & extensor retinaculum.
		Explain mechanism, effects & diagnosis of paralysis of muscles of back of forearm
		Explain course, branches & relations of nerves & vessels of hand & their mechanism of injury, effects & clinical diagnosis
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Cutaneous Nerves, Dermatomes, Superficial Veins &amp; Lymphatic Drainage of upper limb</b>	Cutaneous Nerves, Dermatomes, Superficial Veins & Lymphatic Drainage of upper limb	Recognize important superficial veins of upper limb & their clinical importance
		Explain the course of superficial veins of upper limb
		Explain the lymphatic drainage of upper limb & axillary lymph nodes
		Discuss cutaneous nerves & dermatomes of upper limb
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Joints of Forearm &amp; Hand</b>	Radioulnar joints, small joints of hand including their dislocations	Explain structure, movements & mechanism of Joints of Hand & forearm.
		Discuss their dislocations.
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Hand &amp; Wrist Joint</b>	synovial sheaths of the flexor tendons, radial and ulnar bursae, wrist joint including its dislocation	Discuss structures, movement & mechanism of wrist joint & its dislocation.
		Explain synovial sheaths of flexor tendons & radial & ulnar bursae.
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Surface Anatomy &amp; Nerve</b>	Surface anatomy of upper limb,	Explain the surface anatomy of upper limb.

<b>Injuries of Upper Limb</b>	injuries of nerves(ulnar , median, radial, thoracodorsal nerves, axillary, musculocutaneous, long thoracic and brachial plexus)	Discuss nerve injuries, mechanism, effects & their diagnosis.
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Radiological Anatomy of Upper Limb</b>	Radiological anatomy of upper limb (including CT, MRI and skiagrams).	Interpret normal Skiagrams, CT scan & MRI of upper limb
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models

<b>Bones of Pelvis Girdle &amp; Thigh</b>	Hip bone	Explain general & special features of Hip bone & Femur
	Hip bone	Outline attachments of Muscles & ligaments on the bones
	Femur	Give common fractures of bones, displacement of their fragments & factors causing it. Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Anterior Compartment of Thigh</b>	Front of thigh superficial fascia ( superficial inguinal lymph nodes, cutaneous nerves, saphenous opening, great saphenous vein, petalellar plexus) fascia lata	Explain superficial & deep fascia of thigh
		Explain superficial veins & cutaneous nerves of Anterior aspect of thigh & superficial injured lymph nodes
	Deep dissection of front of thigh ( inguinal	Discuss Femoral sheath, Femoral triangle, Femoral canal their formation & their contents. Explain factors leading to femoral Hernia.

	ligament, femoral sheath, femoral canal, femoral triangle and its contents, femoral hernia)	Explain attachment, Nerve supply & actions of muscles of Anterior aspect of thigh
	Muscles of anterior compartment of thigh	Outline course, branches & relations of Nerve & vessels of Anterior thigh
	Nerves and vessels of front of thigh(femoral artery femoral nerve femoral vein), lumbar plexus+ clinical aspects	Explain anatomical relevance to important clinical conditions
		Give formation of lumbar Plexus
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Medial Compartment of Thigh</b>	Muscles of adductor compartment, Adductor canal and its contents + clinical aspects	Explain attachments, Nerve supply & actions of Adductor Muscles
		Discuss boundaries & contents of adductor canal & give its clinical relevance.
		Discuss course, relations & branches of obturator nerve & artery and medial circumflex femoral artery.
	obturator nerve and artery and medial circumflex femoral artery+ clinical aspects	Discuss the injuries to obturator nerve & artery and its effects and clinical diagnosis.
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Hip Joint</b>	Hip joint+ clinical aspects	Explain structure & movements of Hip joint
		Discuss Nerve supply & blood supply of Hip joint
		Explain clinical conditions involving Hip joint. Discuss its dislocations.
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Back of Thigh</b>	Back of thigh and its clinical aspects	Explain attachments, Nerve supply & actions of Hamstring Muscles.
		Discuss Anatomoses of thigh
		Explain blood supply & nerve supply of back of thigh
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models

<b>Knee Joint</b>	Knee joint+ clinical aspects	Explain structure & movements of Hip joint
		Discuss Nerve supply & blood supply of Hip joint
		Explain clinical conditions involving Hip joint. Discuss its dislocations.
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Popliteal fossa</b>	Popliteal fossa and its clinical aspects	Explain boundaries & contents of Popliteal Fossa
		Discuss relations, branches of Nerves & vessels of popliteal Fossa
		Explain clinical conditions related to popliteal Fossa
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Bones of Leg</b>	Tibia	Explain general & special features of Tibia & Fibula.
		Outline attachments of Muscles & ligaments on the bones
	Fibula	Give common fractures of bones, displacement of their fragments & factors causing it.
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Leg</b>	Front of leg+ clinical aspects+ Lateral side of leg+ clinical aspects	Explain attachments, Nerve supply & actions of muscles of anterior lateral & posterior compartments of leg
		Explain course relations & branches of Nerve & vessels of anterior lateral & posterior compartment of leg
	Medial side of leg+ clinical aspects Dorsum of foot+ clinical aspects	Give clinical relevance of Muscles, Nerves & vessels of legs
	Back of leg+ Clinical Aspects	Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Sole of foot</b>	Sole of foot+ Clinical Aspects	Explain different layers of sole of foot
		Explain attachments, actions & nerve supply of muscles of sole of foot
		Explain Retinacula of ankle & structures passing deep to them
		Discuss course, relations & branches of nerve & vessels of sole of foot
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Bones &amp; joints of foot</b>	Tarsal+ Metatarsal Bones + Phalanges	Explain general & special features of Tarsal, Metatarsal & Phalanges
		Explain fractures bones of foot
		Explain articulated foot & individual bones
	All joints of foot+ clinical aspects / Ankle Joint	Explain structures & movements of ankle joint & its dislocations
		Explain structures movements & dislocation of joints of foot



		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Surface Anatomy &amp; Radiological Anatomy</b>	Surface markings	Explain surface marking of lower limbs
	Radiographs	Explain X-ray, CT scan & MRI of lower limb
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Gait cycle, Arches of foot</b>	Gait cycle, Arches of foot	Explain gait cycle & its components
		Discuss arches of foot & their clinical significance
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Lymphatic of lower limb, cutaneous Nerves &amp; Dermatomes</b>	Lymphatic of lower limb, cutaneous Nerves & Dermatomes	Explain course & relations of superficial veins of lower limbs & its clinical importance.
		Discuss the mechanism by which the blood is pumped from lower limb & anatomical factors Which predispose to development of varicose veins.
		Explain lymphatic drainage of lower limb & its clinical importance
		Discuss cutaneous innervation of lower limb & dermatome & give its clinical significance.
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models

<b>Introduction</b>	Introduction, skeleton of thorax, inlet and outlet of thorax, surface land marks of thorax,	Recall introductory features of bony skeleton of thorax
		Explain the boundaries of thoracic inlet & outlets & structures passing through them
		Identify Surface land marks of thorax
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Diaphragm</b>	Diaphragm and its openings + clinical	Discuss attachment nerve supply & actions of Diaphragm

	Anatomy	Enlist Diaphragmatic Openings & structures passing through them
		Interpret injury to diaphragm & its nerve supply & its effect on respiration
		Discuss clinical relevance of diaphragmatic conditions
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Bones of Thorax</b>	Bones of thorax (Ribs, Thoracic Vertebra, costal cartilages, sternum)	Discuss anatomy of the bony thorax & joints of thorax & mechanism of respiration
<b>Joints of Thorax</b>	Joints of thorax (Manubrio-sternal, Costo-vertebral, Costo-transverse, Costo-chondral, chondro-sternal, Interchondral and Intervertebral joints)	Discuss the role of muscles of respiration in Respiratory
		Explain attachment, movement, nerve supply & actions of respiratory muscles
<b>Muscles of Respiration</b>	Intervertebral discs, Resp. movements & muscles of respiration.	Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Intercostal Spaces</b>	Wall of thorax (coverings of thoracic wall, Anatomy of intercostal space including nerves, muscles and vessels), Internal thoracic arteries,	Explain attachments action & nerve supply of intercostal muscles
		Outline course relation & branches of intercostal nerves & vessels
		Explain the basic concepts of procedures of thoracocentesis, thoracostomy & thoracotomy
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & model
<b>Azygos &amp; Hemiazygos veins</b>	Azygos, Hemiazygos and accessory hemiazygos veins, Thoracic sympathetic trunk	Explain the formation, tributaries & drainage of Azygos, Hemiazygos & accessory hemiazygos veins
		Discuss the importance of azygos & hemiazygos system of veins
		Explain the anatomy of thoracic sympathetic trunk
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Thoracic cavity and pleura</b>	Thoracic cavity and pleurae, Pulmonary pleura (parietal pleura and its parts, pulmonary ligament, Recesses of pleura, Nerve supply, blood supply and lymphatic drainage of pleura)	Outline parts of pleura, recesses of Pleura, Nerve supply blood supply & lymphatic drainage of pleura
		Interpret clinical conditions related to pleura

		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Lungs</b>	Lungs (fissures and lobes, differences b/w the lungs, Root of the lungs, Arterial supply, venous drainage, lymphatic drainage and nerve supply of the lungs, Bronchial tree and broncho-pulmonary segments)	Explain comparative anatomy of right & left lungs & lung roots
		Discuss blood supply nerve supply & lymphatic drainage of lungs
		Explain Bronchial tree & broncho-pulmonary segments
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Mediastinum</b>	Mediastinum (boundaries, divisions and detail of each division)	Discuss boundaries, divisions & contents of Mediastinum
		Relate anatomical facts to clinical conditions of mediastinum
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Pericardium, External anatomy, fibrous skeleton of Heart</b>	Pericardium, Heart, External anatomy, Fibrous skeleton,	Explain layers of pericardium
		Discuss nerve supply lymphatic drainage & blood supply of pericardium
		Explain & Illustrate external anatomy of Heart
		Discuss Fibrous skeleton of Heart
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Heart</b>	Musculature of the heart, Right atrium, Right AV valve, Right ventricle,	Explain & Illustrate musculature of Heart, chambers, valves of Heart & septa
<b>Chamber, Muscles &amp; Valves</b>	Interventricular septum, Left atrium, Mitral valve, Left ventricle, Semilunar valves, Conducting system of the heart	Explain conducting system of Heart & its clinical relevance
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Bloody supply of the heart</b>	Blood supply of the heart, Cardiac dominance, Collateral circulation,	Explain blood supply of Heart & cardiac dominance
		Summarize importance of collateral circulation

		Interpret effects of blockage of coronary arteries
		Explain coronary artery bypass graft
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Venous &amp; Lymphatic Drainages &amp; Nerve Supply of Heart</b>	Veins, Lymphatic drainage and nerve supply of the heart, Fetal circulation,	Explain venous drainage, lymphatic drainage & nerve supply of Heart
		Discuss fetal circulation & changes in CVS occurring after birth
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Aorta, Superior vena cava and pulmonary trunk</b>	Aorta, Superior vena cava and pulmonary trunk	Discuss course, relation & branches of Aorta, Superior vena cava & blood supply nerve supply & lymphatic drainage of Pulmonary trunk.
		Correlate Anatomical factors to common clinical conditions
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Trachea and Esophagus +thoracic duct</b>	Trachea and Esophagus +thoracic duct	Explain course, relation of trachea & Esophagus
		Discuss course, relation & area of drainage and tributaries of thoracic duct
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models
<b>Surface marking, / Radiological anatomy of the thorax.</b>	Surface marking, / Radiological anatomy of the thorax.	Mark the important thoracic viscera & Pleural reflections on the surface of the body
		Interpret normal skiagram, CT scan, MRI & other diagnostic techniques.
		Identify various structures on dissected specimen & models

## **Recommended Books**

1. Gray's Anatomy by Prof. Susan Standring, 39th edition (as reference book).
2. Clinical anatomy for medical students by Richard Snell.
3. Clinically oriented anatomy by Keith Moore.
4. Clinical anatomy by R. J. Last (latest edition).
5. Cunningham's Manual of Practical Anatomy by G J Romanes. Latest edition Vol. I, II and III.
6. The developing human, Clinically Oriented Embryology by Keith Moore. (Latest edition).
7. Embryology by Langmann (Latest edition).
8. Wheaters, Functional Histology by Young and Heath (Latest edition)
9. Histology. A Text and Atlas by Ross & Romrell (Latest edition).
10. Medical histology by Prof. Laiq Hussain.
11. Histology by Janquero (Latest edition)
12. Barr's the Human Nervous system: anatomical view point (Latest edition).
13. Neuroanatomy by Richard S. Snell (Latest edition).
14. Netter's Atlas of Gross anatomy (Latest edition).
15. Mariano De Fiore atlas of Histology (Latest edition).
16. Digital atlas of microscopic anatomy by Khalid Khan

## TABLE OF SPECIFICATIONS FOR ANATOMY

### THEORY PAPER FIRST PROFESSIONAL

CONTENTS		SEQs	MCQs
1.	Terms, Skeletal system, Joints, Muscles, Circulatory system, Nervous system, Skin and Fascia and Diagnostic techniques(General Anatomy)	01 in reference to upper and lower limb	06
2.	Cell, Epithelium, Connective tissue, Muscular tissue, Nervous tissue, Skin, Mammary gland, Lymphoid organs, Vascular system, Respiratory system(Histology)	01	09
3.	Mitosis, Meiosis, Gametogenesis, Fertilization, 1 <sup>st</sup> ,2 <sup>nd</sup> 3 <sup>rd</sup> week Developments, Embryonic period, Fetal period, Fetal membranes and Placenta, Multiple pregnancy, Teratology, Development of Muscular system, Skeletal system and limbs, development of Skin & appendages and Mammary gland (Embryology)	02	09
4.	Upper limb	02	07
5.	Lower limb	02	07
6.	Thorax	01	07
<b>TOTAL ITEMS</b>		<b>09 SEQs</b>	<b>45 MCQs</b>
<b>TOTAL MARKS</b>		<b>45 Marks</b>	<b>45 Marks</b>

*25% of MCQs and SEQs should be clinically oriented or problem- based.*

*10% marks are allocated for 'Internal Assessment'*

**Total marks for theory paper: SEQ+ MCQ + Internal Assessment = 45 +45+10=100 Marks**

### ORAL AND PRACTICAL EXAMINATION FIRST PROFESSIONAL

Oral and practical examination carries 100 marks.

EXAMINATION COMPONENT		MARKS
A	<b>Internal Assessment</b>	10
B	<b>Viva voce</b> Upper limb=10 Marks Lower limb=10 Marks Thorax=10 Marks Surface marking=4 Marks Embryology=12 Marks	46
C	<b>OSPE (Gross Anatomy and embryology)</b> a) Upper limb 06 Marks b) Lower limb 06 Marks c) Thorax 04 Marks d) Radiological Anatomy 02 Marks e) Embryology 06 <b>Histology</b> 10 slides 10 Marks 0.5 mark for identification 0.25 marks each for two points of identification	24          10 Total= 24+10=34
D	<b>Practical</b>	10

	Long slide : 10 Marks a) Identification: 1 Mark b) Drawing : 1 Mark c) Labeling : 1 Mark d) Interactive viva long slide : 7	Grand total for OSPE and practical= 24+10+10= 44 marks
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Thank You



